## Foundation Grant Asked—

## Center for Northern **Education Proposed**

Is there one group in Alaska which represents Alaska's native

people in the field of education?
Which Native people? The
Eskimos in the Yukon-Kuskokwim or the Tlingits and Haidas
in Southeast? With the wide variety of regional cultures and education needs the question is more confusing than enlighten-ing. Also, readers of the AFN and several regional organizations are presently preoccupied with the vitally important land claims fight.

For four days last week, two of the Ford representatives Foundation visited native leaders in Juneau, Anchorage and Fair-banks to obtain opinions on the proposed University of Alaska Center for Northern Education.

According to the UA funding proposal, the Center will be a central research and program design institute designed to assess native education needs and act as a resource center for developing programs in cross-cultural education.

One major aspect of the Center is their intention to involve the native people in every aspect of the policy making and work. To set up the center and support it through its initial years, the University of Alaska has asked \$654,000 grant from the for a \$654,000 grant from the Ford Foundation. Other funds will come from UA contracts with various agencies to perform cross-cultural educational search and program design.

Donald Sandberg and Ralph Bohrson spent four days in Alaska trying to evaluate the proposal last week. They searched for "native representa-, spoke with native leaders in Juneau, Anchorage and Fairbanks and conferred with education officials in the Bureau of Indian Affairs and the State

Operated Schools.

According to Ralph Bohrson, Ford Foundation's education department has three major questions about the proposed center. First, he wants to know if such a center can effectively ask ques-tions and be responsive to the issues Alaskan natives cite about cross-cultural education in the north.

Second, will anybody in policy amking decisions in Alaska be responsive to suggestions from the Center. ence? Will it have influ-Third, will there be other

money available to maintain the center's operations. Where the Ford Foundation people did not travel is to the villages, where communities are becoming newly aware of the possibilities for local control of education of their children.

In Alaska, the reactions to the center idea have been mixed. Most Native leaders know little about the Center and while the intention for native participation is present no mechanism has yet

been designed.

One major question is whether the Institute will join the plethora of official agencies concerned with Alaskan natives, who are more aware of what is hap-pening in their fellow agencies than among the people they supposedly "serve".

The questions a Center for Education could ask in Alaska could be painful - not only for Alaskan officialdom but for the native people themselves. Education budgets are still voted on in the legistlature and legistla-tors have not been notably in-formed in what is going on as far as education research and prosed solutions.

Where Ford Foundation has not gone to ask its questions, is into the villages where people expressing their concern over education. Political participa-tion in the schools is a recent Amercian phenomena-one which is just now faintly tingeing village politics.

Till now, there has been no means for village people to influence officialdom and evaluation trips which bypass the vil-lages increase this political im-

potence.

According to Tundra Times editor Howard Rock, one of the native people the Foundation people questioned, the answers are in the regional organizationswhere representatives are close enough to their people and cul-

ture to evaluate education needs. Yet, like any agency, a Center for Northern Education can only be effective in the flesh - not on paper. A paper proposal is difficult to evaluate from any

angle.
Yet, the Ford people who control the purse strings have nothing else on which to base their evaluation and a great deal hinges upon their decision - a solid economic base for a Center which can, if it works, be a vital coordinating center for native education in Alaska.