Letters from Here and There

A Bit of History Of Wien Aviators

6124 Greenwood Drive Paradise, Calif. 45969 Sept. 29, 1972

Tundra Times, Fairbanks, Alaska

Dear Mr. Rock:

Congratulations! To your 10th anniversary.

I have to thank Miss Debbie Wien for making me aquainted with your highly interesting paper. May God bless her heart for it.

Debbie is the daughter of Mr. Harold Wien, the manager of Arrowhead Seed Growers Coop at Cook, Minn. and a brother of Mr. Sigurd Wien, chairman of the Wien Consolidated Airlines. Their father's farm adjoined mine and no one could find better neighbors. His name was John Wien.

Harold himself pioneered in your state. In fact he found his wife up there, in the largest state in the Union. What a man! In fact his father-in-law was there during the gold rush.

The Wiens came to Northern Minnesota in 1903. And they pioneered in Northern Wisconsin before they came to Minnesota. Their father, at first, tried to discourage his boys from going into aviation, but then their mother encouraged them.

mother encouraged them.

I think Dr. L. H. deMontigny has the right idea. He wants to have the aborigines to head the conservation department. They would never suggest that all sea mammals be reserved for the trophy murderers.

Yours truly,

Albert Enzmann

Resigned BLM Man Thanks Firefighters

To The Bush People of Alaska:

It is with deep regret that I must inform you of my resignation from BLM Fire Control. And thank you for the pleasure of working with you these past years.



Senator Ted Stevens re leased a photograph this week of the whalebone carving by Eskimo artist. Stephen Weyiouanna of Shishmaref, Alaska, which was presented to Russia as a gift of the United States by President Nixon. Stevens said the carving came from an experimental workshop conducted by the Community Enterprise Development Corporation of Alaska, a federally funded agency of the Office of Economic Opportunity.

This last fire season was especially rewarding to me due to the trust, confidence and hard work you put into our program out of Galena. You convincingly proved that you are the people who can and should be running fire program for Alaska.

In nine years of fighting fires for Uncle Sam, I have never seen anyone better trained, more concerned, or do a better job putting out fires. We handled fires this summer that these drunken bums in Fairbanks could not have touched with twice the people and equipment.

I am not leaving Alaska -just getting away from a program which is going down the
tube and supervisors who could
care less about people or whether a fire is put out or not.
After all, I lost thirty pounds,
a wife, and developed an ulcer
trying to keep Fairbanks off
your and my back this summer.
Don't let anyone take away

Don't let anyone take away what we worked so hard to build this year and drop by for a beer or cup of coffee whenever you get to Chugiach.

Thanks for everything,

Charles E. Moseley

Cemetery Trespass May Be Since '22

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Federal Railroad Administration The Alaska Railroad P.O.Box 7-2111 Anchorage, Alaska 99501

September 28, 1972

Mr. John C. Sackett President Tanana Chiefs Conference 102 Lacey Fairbanks, Alaska 99701

Dear Mr. Sackett:

This will acknowledge receipt of your letter of September 13 in connection with the alleged misuse and trespass by The Alaska Raifroad on certain land which the Athabascan Indians consider to be sacred.

My preliminary investigation reveals that, if there was misuse or trespass, it probably occurred between May and October 1922, or about fifty years ago, and your letter was the first time it had been called to our attention.

Our available records make no reference to the cemetery during the construction period of the railroad; however, I am now conducting a thorough investigation of the matter and I assure you The Alaska Railroad will do whatever is reasonable and right in connection with this situation.

I shall advise you further as soon as my investigation is completed.

Yours truly

Walker S. Johnston General Manager

cc: Hon. Ted Stevens Hon. Mike Gravel Hon. Nick Begich Mr. Mitch Demientieff Tundra Times River Times

BIA Scholarship Snarl Clarified

October 3, 1972 P.O.Box 120 Anchorage, Alaska 99510

Dear Editor:

Reference your editorial on "Scholarship Snart." There are, indeed, some problems involving the Native student and the Bureau of Indian Affairs scholarship grant program. Such editorials by your paper cannot but evoke an awareness of those problems, and, hopefully, an interest by your readers which could result in some constructive action to help—alleviate some of the "snarts."

With this in mind, I thought your readers would appreciate more detail on some outstanding barriers which prevent a more successful operation of the scholarship program.

There are eleven areas in the United States, of which Alaska is one, that provide projected fiscal needs to the Department of the Interior for funds deemed necessary to adequately support all those students who are interested in a college education. That projection is, in turn, presented to Congress for approval and allocation to the Bureau of Indian Affairs.

Indian Affairs.

The Anchorage Agency accurately estimated, approximately two years ago, the dollars that would be needed for this year's program. However, that estimate, along with supplemental requests, never was approved by Congress. Obviously, more effort on the part of concerned individuals and groups is needed to convince Congress of our financial needs to assist the ever increasing number of potential college students.

Another problematic aspect of the scholarship grant program, uninformed students, could be eliminated by the early and continuous orientation provided to jumior and senior high school students of post-high school programs that are available. Many students have little or no information on those programs. For example, some students believe that if they apply for admission to a university, that they are eligible, without having to make application, for a Bureau of Indian Affains scholarship grant. Other students believe that making application for a BIA scholarship grant gives them automatic admission to a university. Obviously, students could benefit enormously from continuing orientation on opportunities available and how

to apply for them.

The responsibility for the dis semination of accurate information rests with several sources two of which are the high school and the Bureau of fairs. Because of the counselor Indian Affairs. Because of the lack of personnel, the BIA depends largely on correspondence and counselors in schools to provide information and appli-cations to prospective college students. It would be of great benefit if village and regional representatives could familiarize themselves with the educational opportunities available from the BIA and other agencies, so that all youth that are interested in obtaining an education could have immediate access to current information. The benefits therefrom would be at least twofold: The student would be made aware of the various educational programs and thus be in a better position to choose the educa-tional program that best suits him, and all villages, no matter how remote, would not have to rely upon correspondence that

(Continued on Page 8)

LETTERS

(Continued from page 2) is oftentimes hampered by mail delays to obtain answers to their questions.

Also, since the "Tundra Times" is read by a great many Native youth, perhaps you might consider publishing articles on the Bureau of Indian Affairs scholarship and other educational programs.

al programs.

Finally, to substantiate the above information, the following statistics on the twenty or more students who were stranded at the University of Alaska at Fairbanks without funds are offered:

At least five beginning freshmen and three restudents never submitted an application for financial assistance to the Bureau of Indian Affairs.

With the exception of two, all the rest had submitted an application for a BIA scholarship grant in August or September, at which time the scholarship grant fund was depleted.

pleted.
However, the financial needs of all of those students were taken care of by the Bureau from unused scholarship grant funds that were returned to the Bureau.

I sincerely hope that my attempt to clarify how the students became financially stranded at the University of Alaska this fall will generate a desire on the part of all interested persons to extend all possible assistance within their capabilities to prevent a future recurrence of that situation.

Sincerely yours,

(Mrs.) Laura D. Bernhard AFN-BIA Counselor Bureau of Indian Affairs P.O.Box 120 Anchorage, Alaska 99510

R.E.Portlock
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