William Perry Finds Something Better than Gold in : Episode IV



© 1989 Alaska Council on Economic Education Written by Steve Jackstadt & Lee Huskey Art by John Develon

Over the next year, we will be printing the book Adventures in the Alaska Economy as a serial. Every week we will present approximately one and a half pages. The book, an economics text presented in comic book form, is the result of a collaboration between economics professors Steve Jackstadt, Lee Huskey and artist John Dawson.

The book will be available after February 1990 and may be obtained by calling the Alaska Council on Economic Education at 786-1901.

tee sold for \$75 a ton in 1852. The people of San Fransisco were willing to pay a high price for ice and this provided an incentive for the entrepreneurs behind the Russian American Ice Company. Alaska's ice was closer, it was less than 2000 miles from Kodiak to San Fransisco, so it cost less to bring to market than New England Ice. The difference between the price of ice in San Fransisco and the cost of bringing it from Alaska provided the entrepreneurs a profit.

In our story when William Perry first approached the Russian Consul with his idea, the consulcouldn't understand what made the ice valuable. The ice wasn't valuable in Alaska. Besides hadn't the ice been around a long time? What made it so valuable in 1850. The value of any good depends on how much of it there is and how much of it people want to use or its scarcity. Ice wasn't valuable in Alaska because there was a lot of it and few people to use it. Ice got more valuable in San Fransisco because the number of people wanting to use it increased.



The space for this series has been provided by BPEXPLORATION

