Know Your Proxy-**Stockholders**

By ALEX SHADURA Stockholders of the various village and regional Native corporations are cautioned before they sign a proxy. Recently there have been a

number of various proxy forms sent through the mail to stock-holders of the village and region-

holders of the village and region-al corporations. Together with a proxy form mailed to the stockholder is an accompanying letter which stip-ulates that unless 5% of the stockholders, including those which are provy holders are not which are proxy holders, are not present at the stockholder's meeting, then the meeting can-not be held because of the lack quorum.

This part of the statement in the accompanying letter is cor-rect but it also insinuates that the lack of a quorum would jeopardize the distribution of money from that appropriated by Congress for lands lost. This last statement borders

coercion and proxies obtain ed in this manner could be challenged in the court or at the stockholders meeting.

The last board meeting of Cook Inlet Region, Inc. adopted a resolution authorizing the man-agement to disburse the funds entitled to the stockholders.

The Cook Inlet Region, Inc. management has been authoriz-ed by the CIRI Board to mail ed by out a letter explaining what is a proxy, when and how it should be used, and the legal limits of a proxy. It is also sending out a proxy

form in blank to each stock-holder so that in the event the

holder so that in the event the stockholder cannot attend the stockholders' meeting a duly appointed agent holding the wishes of the stockholder. A proxy is a power of attor-ney, giving the privilege to the stockholder's proxy, the right to vote the wishes of the stock-holder. Know to whom you are giving your proxy. The proxy holder will be voting your rights in your place.

in your place. If you ca If you cannot attend the stockholders' meeting in person, assign your proxy to someone who has been working in your behalf, some one who you know or is recommended by a friend that you know. There will be many requests

for your proxy via letter, phone and verbally. Not all people so-liciting proxies are concerned

bout your behalf, some are do ing so to attain power which may be harmful towards you.

Remember that the proxy that has the last date is the one that counts. If you have already signed one of the proxies mailed to you, due to a lack of knowledge, you may correct this mis-

The Cook Inlet Region, Inc. 519 C Street, Anchorage, 99510, will be sending out a blank form, otherwise call them at 274,7575 and ask them to send you out a Blank Proxy form.

Your future may be at stake in how you delegate your stock-holder's right and whom you se-lect as a director on your re-gional or village boards.

Ketchikan Girl Wins

(Courtesy of Ketchikan Daily News A 1973 Ketchikan High School graduate and her former home economics teacher have won an expense paid 10-day trip to Italy as first place winners in a sewing contest sponsored by Spadea Petters of New Jersey. Alice Johnson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Pete Johnson, 757

Mr. and Mrs. Pete Johnson, 757 Deermount Ave., and high school home economics teacher Lois Munch plan to visit fashion houses in Milan, Rome, Florence and Turin, Italy, on the 10-day trip in the spring. Ms. Johnson spent two monthe lact spring construction

months last spring constructing the prize-winning pants suit made of imported Italian wool with a

Spadea pattern. Winning the contest was not easy, according to Mrs. Munch, Ms. Johnson did the sewing after school and, by contest rules, had to use the Italian fabric which had to be ordered. Since sewing shops in Ketchikan did not carry Spadea patterns, teacher and student bought a pattern in Seattle when they both happen-

ed to be there in summer, 1972. Ms. Johnson's winning pants suit is on display this week at



FAIRBANKS – Most people are familiar with "family trees," are familiar with "family trees," but not everyone is aware of the wspaper tree" program at University of Alaska. 'newspaper tree' the

"In order to make our news "In order to make our news-paper holdings more accessible to the public, we have decided to publish lists of the newspa-pers that have been published in various Alaskan communities over the years," said H. Theo-dore Ryberg, statewide director of libraries of libraries. "The first newspaper tree to

the tirst newspaper tree to be completed lists the papers that have been published in the Fairbanks area," he said, "and we plan to compile the same type of information for other newspapers in the state." The factly fairbanks Name

The Early Fairbanks News-paper Tree gives a brief history of the 16 papers that have been published in Fairbanks and Tan-ana from 1903 to the present. Items listed include names of editors, length of publication and which issues are available in the university library either on microfilm or in hard copy.

In 1903 Fairbanks had three newspapers, the "Fairbanks Her-ald," the "Fairbanks Miner," ald," the "Fairbanks Miner," and the "Fairbanks News." The "Herald" and the "Miner" each published only one edition, but the "News" has been published recontinually to the present as the "Evening News" and the "Daily News-Miner" (1915-present, in-corporating the "T a n a n a Miner" ner.") The library has representative Miner.

or nearly-complete holdings of most of the papers. The staff is most of the papers. The start interested, however, in obtaining missing copies. Missing from the attention entirely are: the collection entirely are: the "Fairbanks Alaskan Churchman" (1906-1921), "Fairbanks Facts" (1913-14), "Fairbanks Herald" (1915), the "Fairbanks Record" (one issue only was published on April 6, 1915), and the "So-cialist Press" (1914-15).

Richard Kurial, a library as-sistant at the university's Elmet E. Rasmuson Library in Fair-banks who is compiling the newspaper trees, said that a tree the Nome papers will be completed this month.

Anyone interested in obtain-ing copies of the newspaper trees may write the library, University of Alaska, Fairbanks, The individual papers are available at any public or university li-brary through inter-library loans.

State Money Asked-**Alcohol Problem**

Alaskan legislators faced with federal and state tors faced with federal and state statistics which show extraordi-nary alcoholism problems in Alaska are being asked to ap-prove an increased amount of money for prevention and reha-bilitation programs. The move comes in the form

of State Senate legislation to award grants-in-aid in a ratio of 90 per cent state money to 10 cent community money to per meet staff, renovation and construction costs for alcoholic de-toxification, rehabilitation or half-way house facilities. The present ratio, 75 per cent state money to 25 per cent state money to 25 per cent community funds, is applicable for ad-

ministrative costs only. The state budget for fiscal 1974 allocated \$2,195,000 to the Division of Alcoholism (com-pared with \$1,918,000 for the previous year) out of which the division must provide grants and

meet administrative costs as well. "Considering the high pro-portion of alcoholics within the state and the limited ability of individual communities to fiindividual communities to fi-nance rehabilitation and prevennance rehabilitation and preven-tion programs, something more has got to be done on the state level to help," said State Sen. John C, Sackett, R-Galena. Sackett, and State Senstore.

Sackett and State Senators Chancy Croft, D-Anchorage, Wil-lie Hensley, D-Kotzebue, Terry Miller, R-Fairbanks and Lowell Thomas Jr., R-Anchorage, co-sponsored the bill.

"A great amount of energy has gone into arrest and convic-

tion of persons whose drinking problems have resulted in viola-tion of the law; yet concern in

the cause of the problem re-mains minimal, 'Sackett said. The Galena Republican cited statistics gathered by the division of alcoholism within the Alaska Department of Health and Social Services which show

Alaska ranked third in the nation for the most chronic algohodics. A study on alcohol and health conducted by the U.S. Department of Health, Educa-tion and Welfare showed Alaska unled third blanching ranked third behind Nevada and New Hampshire in apparent con-sumption of alcohol. Noting those figures, the state of Alaska financed another study

of Alaska financed another study last year which showed one out of every 11 adults in Alaska to be an alcoholic, said Charles Ramage, coordinator for the di-vision of alcoholism. Using a formula which deter-mings the rate of alcoholism ac-

mines the rate of alcoholism according to the presence of cirrhosis of the liver, Ramage said the study determined that "slightly over nine per cent of Alaskan residents 20 years of age or over may be considered to be alcoholic." Ramage said he felt his agen-

was having an impact on the problem, but that it remained a serious situation. "Our facilities are clogged – filled to the top," Ramage said. Yet with an esti-mated 15,600 alcoholics now included in the state's population, there are simply not sufficient facilities to treat them, he said.

Alaskans' Aid Asked to **Enforce Game Laws**

Commissioner Pat Wellington called for Alaskans to help en-force their own game laws in a hard-hitting statement recently. --"If you take a ceremonial knife and commit suicide with it, the act is called hari-kari. In Alaska if you see a man poaching a moose, or a salmon, or a bear, and you don't report it, you are doing the same thing with your renewable natural resources, I repeat, YOUR natural resources.

"You are helping to kill them off a little at a time. We have 59 Fish and Wildlife protection of-ficers in this state. This means we have one officer for every 10,000 square miles of land, not excluding the sea. Our men can-not do this job of protecting the fish and game laws of Alaska without the help of the public," Commissioner Pat Wellington stad. You are helping to kill them said

"Too often we take the easy way out by ignoring violations of fish and game laws. If you see a man fishing illegally, this man is hurting you, not some vague constituency floating around in the clouds. The fish in this state belong to the citi-zens of the state – so do the birds and animals. Such natural resources, if taken without the state's written or implicit per-mission, is a kick in your shins as a citizen," Wellington observed.

"Alaska can go a long way "Alaska can go a long way toward policing its own re-sources without one person step-ping out of his house," Welling-ton said, "Just teach your chil-dren the basic laws of protect-ing our wildlife." "If you stand by and cheer while your boy is throwing rockr at a chawning schmon you

while your boy is throwing rocks at a spawning salmon, you might as well be skipper of a purse seiner high-grading fish at the mouth of a spawning creek," the commissioner said, "Public Safety will enforce the laws

governing the taking of fish and game, but we can't do it alone."

Expo '74 in Spokane, Wn.

SPOKANE, Wash. – (AIPA) – Northwest Indian Enterprises (NIE), Indian planners for Indian participation in the upcom-ing Expo '74 World's Fair here opening in May, have in their brochure entitled "Native Amer-ican's Earth" issued a statement on "The Indian Race at Expo." Following is the text of that statement:

"America's Indian tribes of-America's indian trices of ten differ by custom, language, religion, arts and life style. De-spite their many differences, they have definite, cultural simi-larities that bind them together a same Indian people often afas a race. Indian people often af-filiate in various intertribal al-liances for the common good of the group.

It is natural enough then, that the Affiliated Tribes of the Northwest Indians should wish to present the varied beauty of the Native American way of life

the Native American way of the for the appreciation of the other people of the world. "What more fitting time could be chosen than an envi-ronmental exposition for the presentation of a life style-based on harmony with nature?. "What more fitting chose than

"What more fitting place than the very site on which their an-cestors had camped to harvest the bounty of salmon without depleting the supply or polluting

the water? "Realizing that no one could tell this story of life with nature more adequately than the Indian race who had lived it, Expo officials granted time and space in which the tribes will depict many aspects of their living culture."



suit is on display this week at the Clothes Tree. No novice at sewing, Ms. Johnson in 1972 won a contest sponsored by What's New in Home 'Economics magazine. She won a Singer Golden Touch sewing machine with her entry, cleanered fur fahric coat. a leopard fur fabric coat.