Prevention of Discrimination Against Indians

The Department of Health, Education and Welfare recently issued a policy statement to prevent discrimination against Indians and the Alaska Natives in Indians and the Adams health and medical services.

health and medical services.

According to Carl Jack,
Director, Health Affairs Division,
AFN, Inc., the Secretary of
DHEW, Caspar W. Weinberger,
issued a four-point procedure to
ensure that Indians and Alaska
Natives will not be deprived of their right to equal access to State, local and federal health-related services. The four points of the policy statement are

1) Indians and Alaska Natives will have the same access as other citizens to receipt of medical services under a State plan approved under any of the public assistance Titles of the Social

Security Act, including Medicaid.
2) The eligibility of an Indian or other Native American, under the State's medical assistance plan or other public assistance plan, will not be affected by the use of services provided by Indian Health Service. ill concentrate on those foods available in this area,

those foods available in this area, such as salmon or moose, and students will be encouraged to make suggestions on menus.

3) Under the approved assistance plan of the State, the State agency is responsible for meeting the cost to Native Americans to the same extent as provided other eligible individuals.

individuals. 4) No receipt of federal financial assistance may refuse to certify as eligible or fail to provide health services to Indians or other

health services to Indians or other Native Americans, such as Alaska Natives, on grounds that Indian Health Services are available.

"The agreements signed on December 17, 1974, between the Office for Civil Rights, Indian Health Service, and Social and Rehabilitation Services, should now be adhered to by changing the eligibility criteria under the General Relief Medical Program administered by the State of Alaska," said Mr. Jack.

"Otherwise, the State would be, as in the past, in direct violation of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, which prohibits use of federal funds for programs which discriminate on the grounds of race, color, or national origin."