"I may not agree with a word you say but I will defend unto death your right to say it." — Voltaire

Tundra Times



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Aleut Raps New York's 'Friends of Animals'

University of Washington Seattle, Washington 98105 October 23, 1970

Dear Editor:

Because of the continuing attack by the Friends of Animals attack by the Friends of Animals, Inc. directed to our only in-dustry on the Pribilof Islands, I would like for the people of Alaska and elsewhere to know

of our unique problem.

Friends of Animals, Inc. is dedicated to stopping the harvest of Fur Seals, which for many generations of Aleuts, has the only means of support The harvesting is done by the Aleuts in accord with conservation practices devised by the Federal Government and prevents the wasteful death of count-less number of seals from disease, malnutrition, and overpopulation.

We of the Pribilof Islands

feel that Friends of Animals, Inc. is putting information into minds of people which is far from being objective and ac-Just recently on the Rowan and Martin comedy series, they had successfully en-couraged Rowan and Martin to give a report on our activities. The report given by Rowan and Martin was very incorrect and distasteful. This goes to show that Friends of Animals, Inc. can get inaccurate information into the minds of people who have no knowledge of our operation. They are successful with even the most controversial T.V. figgures, and get them to report to the nation, information which is far from being the truth. What bothers me and a great many individuals, is that just what exactly does Friends of Animals, Inc. think our nation of intelligent people are? Why do they not report accurate in-formation and information that is objective? It seems possible that they feel our minds cannot tackle objective and accurate information. This, certainly is not saying too much for the people across the nation

Those who come to the Pribilof's with a fairly open mind are generally satisfied that the seals are dispatched humanely. The operation is so quick and efficient that it elicits surprising little reaction from the tourists who visit the islands. However, representatives from the Friends of Animals, Inc. come up to the islands to satisfy their egocentric tendencies, in that they come for more evidence to substantiate their already established opposition. They also come as individuals who are looking and

observing an operation very narrow mindedly. There simply is no objective reasoning in their presentations. Our operation is wide open, and nothing is hidden

from the people.
I personally feel that Friends of Animals, Inc. is a destructive organization, especially when it comes to our only operation which we are dependant on They come to the islands and spend a couple of weeks, then proclaim themselves experts. The organization, has not made one constructive suggestion on why sealing industry should be halted. All they have said is that it should not continue, and have even gone so far as to suggest the removal of all the residents to the mainland. Just who do they think they are by suggestsuch an outrageous thing as ? Now I would like to this? suggest that we of sound mind remove them from New York and their homes and put them somewhere so that they could do something honest and con-

Alice Herrington, President of Friends of Animals, Inc. has expressed horror after viewing the operation. She sends a professional cameraman and a director of films to support her campaign to end our program. It's no wonder she expresses for I believe after viewing skillfully edited films, so that all one sees is a bloody mess, I don't blame her. I express hor ror too everytime I see one of her films. After all, skillful editing of films can easily make any operation appear far worse and even brutal. Another conserva-tionist, however, Margaret Stock ton, who represents Clevelnad Amory, and his Fund for Animals, also witnessed the operation and appeared satisfied there was no brutality. At least she is open minded and can view an operation such as ours with objectivity. She in this particular case, bases her judgement like many others on tests for new techniques for killing seals. All test results up to date indicate nothing yet that owuld warrant a change from the present meth-

With what I have written in mind, I would like the support of all Alaskans and individuals from other areas to help us keep our only industry which means the survival of the largest Aleut community in the world. Our operation I can honestly and with objectivity say is far more humane than some of the opera-tions carried on in Miss Herrington's home state.

Boarding Home Rural Students

By DIANNE ANDERSON

Thirty eager faces turn to-ward Robert Lintott, 25, each morning. Lintott is an English teacher at Dimond High School but he is much more to these particular high school aged youngsters

Lintott teaches them English, true. He also teaches them social studies and how to get

Letters from Here and There

October 26, 1970

Mr. Jack Anderson 1612 "K" Street, N.W. Suite 906 Washington, D.C. 20006

I want to thank you personally for taking the time to keynote this year's Tundra Times banquet in Fairbanks, and especially for drawing attention in your column to the important but difficult work Howard Rock is performing on behalf of the Alaska Natives.

I am strongly committed to the goals which Howard Rock is striving to obtain and I am de-lighted when he receives the recognition and support of some-one as notable as yourself.

Your public stand in his behalf has provided him with tangible boost, I am sure, and I applaud your efforts

You've done a real fine thing, Jack. I just wanted you to know that it has not gone on unnoted. and unappreciated.

> Sincerely, Mike Gravel

Patrick Pletnikoff 1400 N.E. 41st University of Washington Schmitz Hall Seattle, Washington 98105

along in an urban environment.

He talks about dictionaries
and he talks about application
forms and the Alaska Medical
Center. He also talks about native land claims, government, and the role of the citizen.

Lintott is one of six such teachers in the Anchorage Bor-ough School District who are working with new-to-the-city na-tive students in a two-hour-a-day Core program. All of the students are participants in the boarding home program. Core is not a new concept: taking several subject matters

such as English, history, geography and current affairs and combining them into one course.

But this class is new in that it was especially developed for the

native youngsters coming to the city with few or inadequate communications skills.

Most of the youngsters, although all of high school age. read at about fourth or fifth grade level.

"This in no way reflects on

"This in no way reflects on their ability, drive, potential or intelligence," Lintott says.

But lack of skill does affect their progress in other areas. Much of the problem can be attributed to their competency with the English Engagen.

with the English language.

The youngsters are also very shy and withdrawn in the world at large. Anchorage and the large student body at Dimond High are sometimes overwhelm-

ing.

By way of background the state of Alaska began its boarding home program some five years ago in answer to an ever present educational problem in Alaska: lack of secondary school facilities in the bush. Alaska had traditionally sent its high school aged native children Out-side to Bureau of Indian Affairs boarding schools.

Under the recent program.

some youngsters can elect to stay in Alaska by coming to

living with foster families, and attending an urban high school.

A number of cities and towns A number of cities and towns participate in the program but the vast majority of youngsters come to Anchorage. Of this year's 980 boarding students, Anchorage has 337 and Fairbanks has 186.

Not all of them will succeed in their new life. It was this lack of probable

the was this lack of probable success that particularly troubled Lincott last year when he first became acquainted with a few of the students.

Not to be defeated in his

attempts to teach, the young, fourth year teacher began interviewing other teachers at random about their experience with boarding home kids in their classes. He found that he was not alone

"The hard-core silence can be a bit disconcerting to any teacher," he commented while talking about the students' re-

Lintoff then talked to the state's boarding home coordina-tors. He stopped by the police department. One Saturday night, note pad in hand, the teacher explored Anchorage's "Native-Strip," the string of bars along several blocks of Fourth Avenue,

The section serves as a meeting place for many persons, including natives newly-arrived to the city looking for friends and relatives who came before them. Lintott met a few of his students.

It was evident that some-thing was wrong. "We brought them into a large school and a large town, something they aren't used to. Then we said, 'sink or swim.'

*We hadn't made any overt

effort to provide for their suc-cess, and therefore we were con-tributing to their failure," the teacher said.

Lintott made the same state-

If you do business with us in our Fairbanks branch. then you've got a banking friend in Wrangell, Juneau, Kodiak, Skagway, Adak, Dillingham, Glennallen, Glacier Valley, Kenai, Soldotna, Homer, Tongass, Kodiak Naval Base, Sitka, Mt. Edgecumbe, Ketchikan and seven places in Anchorage.

If you don't, carry a lot of cash the next time you leave home.



