Page 2 Tundra Times, Friday, June 27, 1969
"I may not agree with a word you say but I will defend unto death your right to say it." - Voltaire

## Tundra Times



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## Editorial-

## The Greed for Land

The embattled old man, Chief Andrew Isaac of Tanacross, continues to fight for the Indians in his area. The old chief is attempting to hold on to the land of his people against odds that seem at the moment too great for him to handle alone.

Although Chief Isaac is an effective old fighter, one serious handicap has been his lack of Western education. Outside of this, he is a man of great knowledge of the land of his forefathers and the land of which he is most intimate. As do his peers and fellow chiefs in Alaska, he knows every landmark whether it be a creek, a bend of the river, crags of mountains and any distinguishing mark of the country he knows.

Chief Isaac knows why villages were established in certain places. They were put there for the greatest convenience of their inhabitants-a knowledge that always seemed to have met with the greatest respect by outsiders. This precise know ledge has also invited covetousness for lands.

Those who covet native lands have a way of getting around the Indians, Aleuts and Eskimos. Although they have respect for such men as Chief Isaac who, although speaking in broken language can make eloquent speeches in defense of his people, they also know he lacks knowledge of Western education type legal matters.

Chief Isaac is not alone who has suffered because of the lack of Western education. There are many others like him throughout Alaska, and because they have had no proper education, they have been taken advantage of. This is the "Achilles Heel" for those who covet the lands of Alaska's native people. The covetous people, groups or agencies, both state and federal, have access to legal staffs and can cause legalistic mumbo-jumbo drawn up even an educated person would have trouble understanding let alone the great mass of native people. These legalistic papers are often used as first steps toward acquiring the accustomed land areas that have been historically used by the original Alaskans.

Although it is questionable, the state is in the process of acquiring land around Tanacross including the soil on which Mansfield Village, a few miles from Tanacross, is located. All this even when regulations declare that NO selections of lands will be made in those areas used by Indians. And, too, the Tanacross area Indians laid claims to their lands back in November 30, 1950 and submitted it to the Bureau of Land Management. This claim is apparently being ignored although it had been appealed and reasserted in 1964. The 1950 claim, however, had been rejected by the BLM but no official action on the land assertion has been made by the Department of the Interior after it received it sometime between 1959 and 1962.

Individual villages, oftentimes, have had trouble getting proper attention on such things as having their claims processed, or have had them processed after an unduly long time. They are often powerless to have their demands acted on because they are pretty much alone. Such things, perhaps, could be funnelled through the Alaska Federation of Natives. The federation, through a properly authorized person, can

Vital Document-
Tanacross Assertion For Lands in 1950

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
JO-L-5
)PETITIONS FOR POSSESSORY RIGHTS
In the Matter of
of TANACROSS ) HEARING AND RESERVATION.
TO THE HONORABLE, THE SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR:
Now come the natives of TANACROSS and respectfully show the Secretary that from time immemorial up to the present, and during the year 1884, they have used and occupied and presently use and occupy an area of land surrounding the village of TANACROSS
2. That the land which they occupy is described as follows:

Beginning at Tanacross, thence in a northeasterly direction to Mt. Fairplay thence north to the confluence of West Fork and Dennison Creek, thence in a northwesterly direction to elevation marker 6715, in a southeasterly directirection to elevatio creek empties into the Johnson River, thence to point of beginning, Tanacross.
3. That on May 17, 1884, Congress passed a law stating that the lands which the natives of Alaska then used, occupied, or claimed should forever be reserved for their use, and promising that these lands would be surveyed and that at some future date, Congress would provide a way for the Eskimos to receive paper title to their lands:
4. That they have never given up their rights in these lands; that they have never ceded, abandoned, or sold the lands;
5. That no survey has been made to the lands, nor has any action been taken to protect the rights of the natives in their lands except the Act of May 1, 1936, giving the Secretary of the Interior the power to Act of May 1, 1936, giving
6. That many people are coming to the Territory of Alaska to make it their homes; that now industries are being encouraged to settle in the Territory: and that because of these things, there is great danger that we will lose our lands and will be unable to support ourselves

NOW, THEREFORE, Your petitioners pray that a hearing be held to determine the boundaries of the lands presently used and oc cupied and owned by the natives of TANACROSS and that those lands plus any additional lands necessary to protect our way of life and assure us the chance to make a decent living be reserved to our use in accord-
ance with the Act of May 1,1936 .

NATIVES OF TANACROSS
By David Paul
President of Village Council

## Letters tothe Editor

Allakaket, Alaska

## Dear Editor

June 24, 1969
forever it seems. Please print this in your newspaper
Now, there are approximately 20 or more fire fighters, or are avilab fire fighting, here in the village After a month so of reporting about fires, we haven't been called upon yet.

Now we hear about hundreds of men being brought in from the Lower 48, and this seems to be the trend of Alaskan employment. This follows the "Slope" hiring practice and we natives are left out again 'm sure that there are other villages with the same problem.

Most of us cannot afford to fly into town and wait for employ ment. More than anything, we cannot afford the waiting period know that we are out of the way, so I would like to know the following. Who brought in the "Lower 48" fire fighters? Does it cost These are the villages than to go outside?
These are some of the problems, and this is our main one at this Please print this soon.

## Sincerely.

Ronald Sam
help to process the land matters of the villages therefore, very likely, expediting them.

Men, such as Chief Andrew Isaac and his people, need the assistance of the AFN or their regional organization. Chicf Isaac, although a great old fighter, needs backing.

CPB Grant to
Enable Ludwig To Film Natives

KUAC-FM, the University o Alaska radio station, has been awarded one of 23 grants an nounced by the Corporation for Public Broadcast.

The grant, not to exceed $\$ 5,00$ will be used to produce a 13 -pro gram series, "Alaska's Native Peo ple: A Crossroad in Time." Thes programs will be prepared fo state-wide, as well as nationa distribution.

The series will be produced b Jim Ludwig, KUAC's Program Dit ector, and will attempt to doct ment important issues facing Ala kan natives today, as well as caf ture the sounds of native villa life and a culture in transitio between the old and the new way
In making the announcemen CPB pointed out that a total 65 stations submitted 99 propo als in this first CPB recipients wer selected. Grants total $\$ 100,67$

Under terms of the grant, st tions are required to make programs or series with regional national audience interest availab to National Educational Radio f possible distribution via tape.

The series to be produced KUAC will be researched planned so as to include the va ous native groups (Eskimo, India and Aleut) that geographically re resent Alaska.
in scope, it will cover ever thing from legend to the futu for Alaska's natives.

At this particular time," sons Ludwig, "when the eyes Alaska lower $48^{\prime}$ are already oil discovause of the North of the Native Land Claims, a the national interest generated by the recent visit of U.S. Senat by the recent visit of U.S. Senat the Indian Education Subco mittee, I think our proposed rac series is very timely as well socially significant. If realized socially significant. If realized, meaningful and informative meaningful and informative

## Six Killer Visit

The Fairbanks Native Asso ion announced at its Tuese meeting that Jess Six Killer, Ex utive Director of American dians - United, will arrive in banks during the week of July Six Killer has worked ex sively with Indian groups in ur sively with Indian groups in ur centers throughout the U.S. will come to Alaska to inspect operation of the Anchorage Fairbanks Community Welc

The
The FNA also responded t invitation to place representat on the 1969 Word Eskimo O pics Committee. Robert Aloys Acting FNA Chairman, Georgia Lincoln, and Marcello Quinto cepted membership on the c mittee as representatives of FI

New officers were appoin as FNA Representative to Alaska Legal Services Corpora Board of Directors.

Emma Widmark was appoin Corresponding Secretary


ARTIFACTS WANTED! If you are going to sell old-time objects, lease contact the Alaska State Museum first. If you have oldtime things that need special care, you can lend them to the Museum for safe-keeping and display. If your things are in the Alaska State Museum, they stay in Alaska. Contact: Jane Wallen, Director, Alaska State Museum, Director, Alaska State Museum, 99801, phone 586-1224.

