Cooks for Crew, Mends Socks-

Pt. Hope Eskimo Woman Is Whaling Captain

Staff Writer

POINT HOPE—Early this spring Mrs. Ruth Nash, house-keeper and mother of seven, became a whaling captain. She comes from a long line of whalers but it's not a usual job for the property of the period of the property of the period of the peri a woman. Especially when her children insist she come home

and cook supper every night.

"It was busy but I enjoyed
it. I just like to watch the
whales come in and the ducks.
It beats staying home."

Mrs. Nash's mother was once whaling captain but in name only. She inherited the gear but stayed home and let some-

but stayed home and let someone else run the operation.
Not so, Mrs. Nash. When
her husband, Bernard, had to
leave the village for a construction job, she took over his responsibility; camping on the ice
to cook for his eight man crew,

to cook for his eight man crew, overseeing three helpers and her oldest son who handled the gear. "I never knew much about whaling," she admits. "When I was young a girl friend and I went out in a boat but we got scared when they harpooned the whale. I had gone before to cook on the ice, though."

The job is not an easy one

The job is not an easy one. It means cooking over a Coleman or Eskimo stove with coal and seal oil at temperatures well below zero. The menu includes canned foods, ogrook, seal, cereals, tea and doughnuts when the weather is warm enough

for deep fat frying.

Mrs. Nash's doughnut recipe
is an old one and we asked
her if we could print it. Here
it is under its Eskimo title:

UGRUKOAKTUK (Roll cooked with oil)

3 packages of dry yeast 1 can evaporated milk 2 tablespoons salt

5 tablespoons shortening 1 cup raisins

flour

Melt lard in skillet. Mix yeast with milk and let stand yeast with milk and let stand in a warm place about five minutes. Mix with rest of ingredients. Stir in enough flour to make workable dough. Shape like traditional doughnut or like a biscuit with several finger sized holes punched in it. Fry in deep hot fat.

Mrs. Nash's grandmother used whale or seal oil instead of lard. "It makes them better," she maintains. "Whale oil doughnuts are the best."

nuts are the best."

In addition to cooking crews must be provided with warm clothes, fresh socks and caribou skins for their camp on the ice. They stay there as long as three

They stay there as long as three weeks at a time, although Mrs. Nash went home each night to tend to her youngsters.

Her crew didn't get a whale this year but there's no hard feelings. Only five out of 12 crews on the ice got whales and the Nash team did get Beliver seed divels and creb.

and the Nash team did get Beluga, seals, duck and crab.
So, no complaints. If Bernard Nash has to be out of the village next year, the same crew will sign on with Mrs. Nash as his replacement. She's willing to take the assignment again.
Women's Liberation fans will be sorry to learn, however, that she doesn't consider her take.

she doesn't consider her takeover of a man's job all that

important.
"I like being a woman, myself," she concluded.

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CAPTAIN AND SON-Mrs. Ruth Nash takes a summer from her duties as whaling captain to enjoy her family. Here she shares a joke with her youngest, Jack, aged six. She took on the assignment of whaling captain when her husband, Bernard, was called away this spring on a construction job.

14 Scholarships

Scholarships for 14 Indian students will be made available at the University of Georgia for secondary social science education next fall.

The program, contingent upon the award of a contract by the Bureau of Indian Affairs, provides scholarships of \$3,600 for a 12 month period. Trainees will pay tuition and other expenses from their award.

To apply students must have completed the sophomore year of college. Those finishing their junior year in good standing will be eligible for reappointment. A two year commitment must be made to the program and applicants should have a desire to make Indian education a cato make Indian education a ca-

For information contact Dr. M. J. Rice, director; Indian Teacher Training Project; University of Georgia; Margaret Hall; Athens, Georgia 30601.

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This project will consist of grading, drainage, hot bituminous pavement, and highway illumination on 0.65 miles of 4-lane divided highway. Included in the work will be traffic signals, extensive utility work consisting of water, sower, electrical and telephone, and a prestressed concrete girder bridge across Gold Creek. All work is located in the City of Juneau, Alaska.

Principal items of work consist

telephone, and a prestressed concrete girder bridge across Gold Creek. All work is located in the City of Juneau, Alaska.

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