Variety of viewpoints ponder future of herd

By Jane Pender Anchorage Daily News

Six panelists and about 150 Six panensis and about 120 concerned and vocal citizens played Catch 22 all day Saturday during a conference on the survival of Alaska's

carlbou herds.

Sponsored by the Fairbanks
Environmental Center, the conference brought together wide-ly divergent viewpoints related chiefly to the decline of the once prosperous Western Arctic caribou herd. Some refinement of definition resulted, but mostly the conference illuminated the opposing illuminated opposing interests and the fragmentation of management.

of management.
"You've caught us in the middle," said NANA region village development manager Willie Goodwin. Pointing out his region had made land selection, he said, "We're not

keep it in wild lands or go for development. We don't want to get ourselves locked up.'

Tom Scarborough, past president of the Tanana Valley Sportsman's Association, talked of the Joseph's coat Alaska maps on the wall. Composed of fragments of brown, blue, pink and green, it demonstrated who owns what Said Scar-borough, Where the caribou exist, you're going to herds have a multitude of land man-agement. There'll be several federal agencies, the state, and private holdings, a number of Native corporations, park service, BLM, Fish and Wildlife Service, and State of Alaska. They can't get along at the present time, and I don't see them getting along in the future. But for the survival of that caribou herd, it'll be man-

servation of the caribou was of prime importance, preservation of their range was basic. But even there, there was a Catch 22. The NANA region, like others in the past, has recently bought reindeer permits, and is currently husbanding a small herd of 5,000 animals. Dr. David Klein, leader of the Co-operative Wildlife Research Unit of the University of Alaska, said that if there is ex-tensive development of rein-deer herds, it could have an virreversible deleterious effect. on the caribou herds. Klein also told the group that development activity in other cou countries - agriculture, hydro-electric projects, roads, pipe-lines has resulted in the des-truction of wild caribou herds and warned that the same is occurring with the tiny (5,000) central Alaska herd which rannorth to south through.

"Would industry be willing to wait until the state develops a land use plan?" somebody asked panelist Dr. Max Brewer Brewer, long director of Naval Arctic Research Laboratory at Barrow is now an executive vice president for Ilusky Oil which is doing oil exploration on Pet 4.

"The answer would have to be no," he said. He pointed out that the operators of Pet 4 are under contract to perform, with specific dates. By law agencies (who issued the contracts) are mandated by the Congress to accomplish certain work. Somebody's head would roll is they didn't." He said sometimes, "certain, arrange-ments" could be worked out to delay projects in order to ob-tain, for example, environ-mental information, but said

choice but to move ahead.

Bob Hinman, deputy director of the State Division of Game, took considerable heat on the subject of wolf control. At one point he wondered, "If some of the adverse re-actions (to wolf control) stem from a disagreement over whether man even has a right to use and therefore a right to manage wildlife resources. He added that if it can be accept ed that man is a part of the ecosystem. "then I think we can arrive at some common

grounds."

Jim Kowalsky, Alaska field representative of Friends of the Earth, was outspoken in his objection to wolf control, saying the aerial hunts authorized for the arctic should be immediately stopped. But, when questioned about alternatives. given the present plight of the herd, he said perhaps another method should be used. For the short term. He said perhaps the local speople in the affected areas could be encouraged to shoot wolves, rather than allow aerial hunts

That was fine with Goodwin who said. 'Unless something is done about the wolves right now, they're going to get some Eskimo one of these days and that a going to get the control of these days and that a going to get him. Eskimo one of these days and they're going to eat him up." He told of hearing of packs of 20 and 30 who had chased people and added. "I think we should shoot them all." He said his people did equate the decline of the caribon herd with the ban on wolf control early in the 1970s."

On the other hand, Klein said perhaps the large numbers of caribon in that herd (260,000) might have been a, (200,000) ingut have been a contributing factor in its cash. That high population was encouraged by Fish and Wildlife wolf, control, policies injuited before statehood and extending to the early 70s.

first flu case identified

Dr. Robert Fraser, director of the Alaska Division of Public Health, has announced that the first case of influenza has been identified by virus culture. This is the earliest identification in recent years. The A/Victoria type was cultured from an Anchorage area resident.

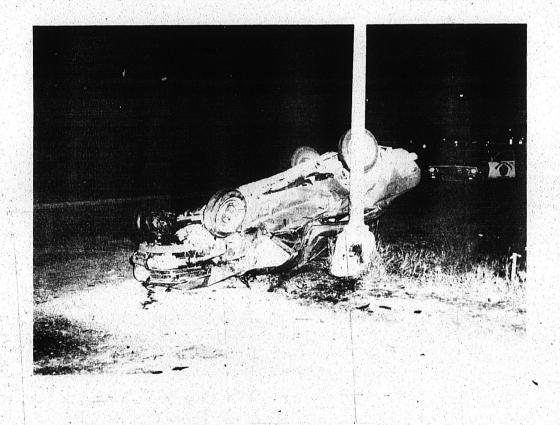
Adults who have not been immunized against influenza are urged to contact their local health center or physician.

Governor hosts open house

Governor Jay Hammond has issued the following invitation to the people of Alaska to attend the holiday open house at the

Governor's House in Juneau:
"During this holiday season
Bella and I are pleased to invite
the residents of Juneau to our open house Thursday night. We are happy to continue this holiday tradition with the people of Alaska and we look forward to saying hello, sharing some holiday food, and listening to Christmas music performed by local groups. We hope you will accept this public invitation to come to our home for the Governor's Open House on Thursday from 7:00 to 9:00 p.m. See you then and Merry Christmas."

Are you in a hurry to get there?



The Department of Public Safety is interested in your life. We thought you might be interested in the results of extensive research on what happens when a car hits a solid object at 55. m.p.h.

1/10 of a second: Front bumper and grille collapse

2/10 of a second: Hood crumbles, rising and striking the windshield. Rear wheels lift from the ground. Fenders begin wrapping around the solid object. Driver instinctively stiffens legs, which snap at the knee joint.

3/10 of a second: Steering wheel starts to disintegrate

4/10 of a second: First two feet of car's front end has been eliminated. Driver is still moving at 35 miles per hour.

5/10 of a second: Driver is impaled on the steering column.

Brake pedal rips off. Car frame buckles 6/10 of a second: in the middle and the driver's head strikes the windshield. Rear wheels, still spinning, fall back to earth

Doors open; seat breaks loose, striking 7/10 of a second: driver from behind.

8,9, and 10/10 of a second:
PORTANCE. THE DRIVER IS DEAD. THESE ARE OF NO IM-

When you drive, wear your seatbelt. One-Tenth of a second could make a difference.

Department of Public Safety Allaska