

Survives Challenge...

Among its new assets are paneled offices in the new Fairbanks Native Community Center and access to the Center's staff of tions trying valiantly to solve pressing problems of poverty, health, sanitation and housing.

They know Al Ketzler as a experts on employment, educa-tion, housing and a host of other native concerns.

As the Tanana Chiefs met to consider their problems, fore-most among their concerns was land claims. Next came their reorganization—to create a non-profit corporation which will administer money. administer money and programs.
The corporation, which was approved, will be known as Dena 'Nena'Henash and will include the member villages of the Tanana Chiefs.

Along with the reorganiza-tion came a new slate of officers for the newly forming organizafor the newly forming organiza-tion. A powerful move deve-loped to replace Al Ketzler as president. Ralph Perdue of Fair-banks made a strong bid for the presidency of the new corpora-tion, which will administer hun-dreds of thousands of dollars worth of money and programs

worth of money and programs.

The men of Interior Alash who met to vote on officers were mostly part of the older generation—many of them im-bued in the old ways and tradi-

BIG RAY'S SURPLUS

Top Value at Low Prices

ANCHORAGE Hotels - Motels

Parson's Hotel 3rd & H. Streets

272-6417

Roosevelt Hotel 539 H. St. 277-5541 Ave. Sgl. with bath \$15

vocal, articulate, experienced fighter. He won the presidential post by a vote of 13 to 9. The time has not come when a fighter is no longer needed.

Ketzler himself, and he says it come is not a bysequerat. He

often, is not a bureaucrat. He recognizes that someone else will to administer the settlement when it comes.

The old ways are swiftly changing. Many young people are tired of giving lip service to the old ways when they see so many new ways to tackle problems. They want to voice. They want leadership.

Near the end of the two day Tanana Chiefs conference Mitchell Dementieff, a young Fairbanks native, addressed the Chiefs to ask for their support for a new youth organization— the Native Youth Movement. He, and the more than 50 young people who are founding the group, want to combine the old and the new—not talk about a return to the 'old ways' of their people. They want to work with their elders—but separately.

Many of the older chiefs protested. How, they insisted, can these young people form their

these young people form their own movements so blithely. own movements so Diffusely.
Why don't they take part in the native associations, the Tanana

Chiefs, the other regional groups?
Native politics is no longer revolutionary. Native youth, brought up in a political age, want to chart their own direc-

Today, the leaders of the mana Chiefs, and of other Tanana Chiefs, and of other regional organizations, are the respected elders of their villages. respected elders of their villages. Tomorrow, their sons and daughters will demand a voice. They will demand leadership because their parents have sent them to the white man's schools and they understand the complexities of organizational management, power politics and legal maneuvers as their parents often do not.

When that day comes, and it has already begun in the AFN, an epoch will be over. It will leave its bitter memories as well as its proud ones.



SIMULATION AND CARIBOU-A caribou pasa simulated pipeline barrier at the Prudhoe Bay oil fields on Alaska's North Slope. Stacked pipe for a proposed 800-mile crude oil pipe-line, and a pipe coating plant, are in the background.

About Half Wandered Away-

Caribou React in Varied Manners as They Encounter Simulated Pipeline

ANCHORAGE, September 9-Arctic caribou on their annual migration to Alaska's North Slope got their first glimpse of a

ALS Board Meeting

The advisory board of Alaska Legal Services Corporation will meet Friday and Saturday, Sep-tember 17 and 18 at the Fairbanks Native Community Center according to David Welfe of

The meeting, which will be open to the public, will discuss legal problems in rural Alaska among its other items of busi-

pipeline was erected across sand dunes and tundra at Prudhoe

Purpose of the field experiment was to determine the reaction of these nomadic animals to simulated sections of pipeline. As would be the case with the real thing—they could cross in three ways—over, under or around to a point where the pipeline would be underground.

The caribou, who seemed to wander by in small groups rather than large herds, took all three alternatives. Some went under.

alternatives. Some went under, some over and about half just wandered away. Nobody knows

Scientists who carried out the test said migrating animals in large herds would be subject The smaller groups observed at the test apparently did not have this reaction. Each took its own route.

The test was sponsored by the Alyeska Pipeline Service Company and the U.S. Bureau of Sport Fisheries and Wildlife The UA Cooperative Wildlife Research Unit directed the tests. Results, they reported emphati-

cally, were not conclusive.

They will continue to collect and study material for several

together we can







Bank of Alaska